

## Continental Watch

From Tuesday, March 10, 2026 to Saturday, March 14, 2026

### 1.HIGHLIGHTS

#### Multi - Hazard Outlook for the next 5 days :

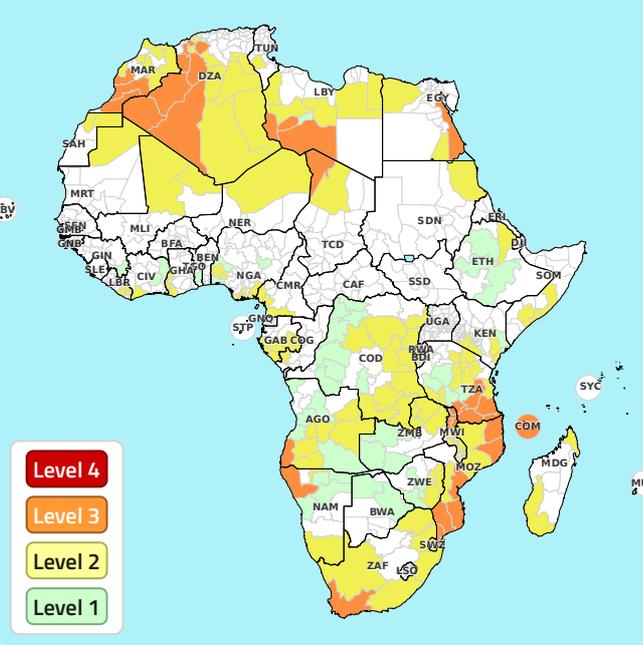
**Level 3** warning for possible extreme precipitation over Mozambique, Malawi, Tanzania and Comoros

**Level 3** warning for possible wind storms over Algeria, Egypt, Morocco, Libya, Mozambique, Chad, Namibia, Angola and South Africa

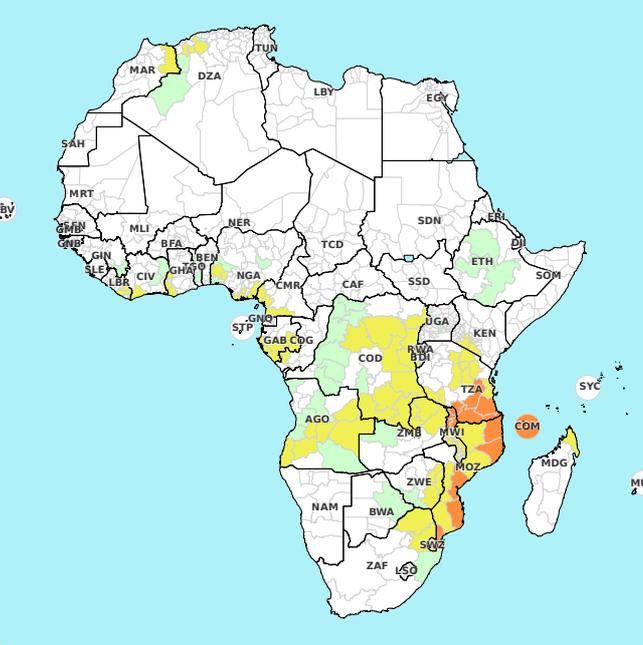
## 2. DETAILED MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK FOR THE NEXT 5 DAYS

From Tuesday, March 10, 2026 to Saturday, March 14, 2026

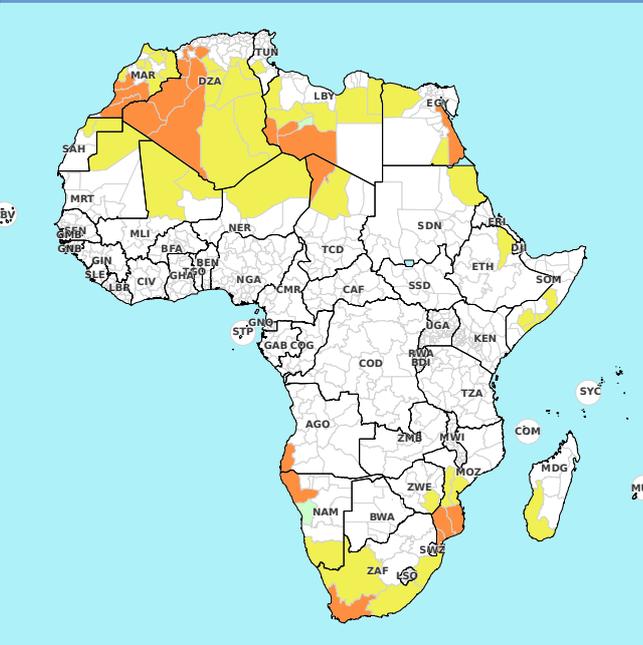
### Multi-Hazard assessment



### Extreme Precipitation



### Wind Storms



### Riverine Floods



These maps summarize the forecast occurrence of extreme precipitation, wind storms and riverine floods possibly affecting the population in the next 5 days. Regions are color-coded into four classes of warning according to increasing rates of population affected, from Level 1 (lowest warning) to Level 4 (highest warning). Areas with no significant impacts foreseen are colored in white. Impacts are estimated by crossing information on hazard, exposure, vulnerability and coping capacity. Hazard classes are defined according to threshold levels for each hazard derived from statistical analysis on past events or from reference literature values. The Multi-Hazard assessment map shows the highest forecast warning level among the considered hazards in the next 5 days.



### Extreme Precipitation:

**Level 3:** Mozambique (Cabo Delgado, Inhambane, Maputo, Maputo City, Nampula, Sofala), Malawi (Chitipa, Karonga, Mzimba, Nkhata Bay, Rumphi), Tanzania (Lindi, Morogoro, Mtwara, Njombe, Ruvuma), Comoros (Comoros)

**Level 2:** Burundi (Bujumbura Rural, Bururi, Cibitoke, Gitega, Makamba), Angola (Bié, Huambo, Huíla, Lunda Sul, Moxico, Namibe), Malawi (Balaka, Chikwawa, Dedza, Dowa, Kasungu, Lilongwe, Machinga, Mangochi, Neno, Nkhotakota, Ntcheu, Ntchisi, Phalombe, Salima, Zomba), Côte d'Ivoire (Bas-Sassandra), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Haut-Katanga, Haut-Lomami, Ituri, Lualaba, Maniema, Nord-Kivu, Sud-Kivu, Tanganyika, Tshopo, Tshuapa), Republic of Congo (Niari), Gabon (Haut-Ogooué, Ngounié, Nyanga, Ogooué-Lolo, Ogooué-Maritime), Nigeria (Akwa Ibom, Bayelsa, Cross River, Imo, Osun, Oyo, Rivers), Morocco (Oriental), Mozambique (Gaza, Manica, Nassa, Zambezia), Madagascar (Antsiranana), Rwanda (Amajyepfo, Iburengerazuba), Tanzania (Arusha, Dodoma, Manyara, Pwani, Rukwa, Simiyu, Singida, Songwe), South Africa (Limpopo, Mpumalanga), Zambia (Luapula, Muchinga, Northern), Ghana (Bono, Western, Western North Region), Zimbabwe (Manicaland, Mashonaland East, Masvingo), Algeria (Relizane, Saïda, Sidi Bel Abbès, Tiaret), Liberia (GrandGedeh, River Gee, Sinoe), eSwatini (Hhohho, Lubombo, Shiselweni), Cameroon (Littoral, Sud, Sud-Ouest), Kenya (Kajiado, Kiambu, Nakuru, Narok)

**Level 1:** Burundi (Karuzi, Muramvya, Mwaro), Algeria (Béchar, Naâma, Tissemsilt), Ethiopia (Amhara, Oromia), Angola (Benguela, Cuando Cubango, Cuanza Sul, Malanje, Zaire), Botswana (Central), Côte d'Ivoire (Lacs, Zanzan), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Kasai-Central, Kwango, Kwilu, Mai-Ndombe, Mongala, Nord-Ubangi, Sud-Ubangi, Équateur), Ghana (Ahafo), Guinea (Nzérékoré), Nigeria (Anambra, Kwara, Ogun, Plateau), Togo (Kara, Plateaux), Uganda (Arua, Luwero, Masindi, Nakasongola, Nebbi), South Africa (KwaZulu-Natal), Zambia (North-Western), Zimbabwe (Matabeleland South)

### More details:

**Possibility of heavy precipitation between 100mm and 150mm** is very likely in southern Tanzania, northern Malawi, eastern Mozambique, and Comoros Islands.

**Possibility of moderate precipitation in the range of 50mm to 100mm** is very likely in northern Morocco, northwestern Algeria, southern Liberia, southern Cote d'Ivoire, southwestern Ghana, southern Nigeria, southern Cameroon, southern Gabon, southern Congo, across Democratic Republic of Congo, southern Kenya, Rwanda,

Burundi, eastern to central Angola, northern Zambia, western, and southern Mozambique, eastern Zimbabwe, northeastern South Africa, and northern Madagascar.

*The differences between areas likely to experience extreme rainfall and forecast impact alert levels are due to variabilities in the exposed population to the hazard as well as levels of vulnerability and coping capacities of the areas at risk.*



### Wind Storms:

**Level 3:** Algeria (Adrar, Béchar, El Bayadh, Mascara, Naâma, Sidi Bel Abbès, Tiaret, Tindouf), Egypt (Al Bahr al Ahmar), Morocco (Guelmim - Es-Semara, Marrakech - Tensift - Al Haouz, Souss - Massa - Draâ), Libya (Ghat, Murzuq, Wadi al Hayat), Mozambique (Gaza, Inhambane, Maputo), Chad (Tibesti), Namibia (Kunene), Angola (Namibe), South Africa (Western Cape)

**Level 2:** Egypt (Aswan, Matrouh), Algeria (El Oued, Ghardaïa, Illizi, Laghouat, Ouargla, Tamanghasset), Sahrawi Republic (Es Semara, Laayoune), Libya (Al Butnan, Al Jufrah, Al Wahat, Nalut, Wadi ash Shati'), Morocco (Doukkala - Abda, Meknès - Tafilalet, Oriental, Rabat - Salé - Zemmour - Zaer, Tanger - Tétouan, Taza - Al Hoceima - Taounate), Madagascar (Toliary), Mozambique (Manica, Sofala), Mali (Kidal, Timbuktu), Mauritania (Tiris Zemmour), Namibia (!Karas), Niger (Agadez), Somalia (Bay, Galguduud, Shabeellaha Dhexe, Shabeellaha Hoose), Tunisia (Kebili), Chad (Borkou), South Africa (Eastern Cape, KwaZulu-Natal, Northern Cape), Sudan (Red Sea), Ethiopia (Afar), Zimbabwe (Masvingo)

**Level 1:** Libya (Sabha), Namibia (Erongo)

### More details:

**Possibility of strong winds greater than 35 knots** is very likely in southern Morocco, western Algeria, southern Libya, northwestern Chad, eastern Egypt, southwestern Angola, northwestern Namibia, southern Mozambique, southern South Africa.

**Possibility of moderate to strong winds of 15 to 35 knots** are very likely in eastern, and southern Algeria, northern Sahrawi, northern Mauritania, northern Mali, southern Tunisia, northern Libya, northern Egypt, eastern Sudan, northeastern Ethiopia, coastal Somalia, southern Mozambique, eastern Zimbabwe, southern Namibia, western, and southern South Africa, southern Madagascar.

*The differences between areas likely to experience strong winds and forecast impact alert levels are due to variabilities in the exposed population to the hazard as well as levels of vulnerability and coping capacities of the areas at risk.*



### Riverine Floods:

**Level 2:** Angola (Cunene), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Haut-Katanga), Kenya (Kilifi, Tana River), Namibia (Ohangwena, Oshana), Mozambique (Gaza, Maputo, Maputo City, Nampula), Tanzania (Morogoro, Rukwa, Songwe), Zambia (Luapula, Muchinga, Northern)

**Level 1:** Botswana (Central, North-West), Algeria (Chlef, Mostaganem, Relizane), Kenya (Garissa, Kajiado, Lamu, Makueni, Meru, Murang'a, Nakuru, Nyandarua, Nyeri, Tharaka-Nithi), Angola (Cuando Cubango, Huíla, Luanda, Moxico), Burundi (Bujumbura Rural), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Lualaba, Sud-Kivu, Tanganyika), Morocco (Doukkala - Abda, Meknès - Tafilalet), Mozambique (Cabo Delgado, Inhambane, Nassa, Zambezia), Malawi (Karonga, Mangochi, Nkhotakota, Salima), Namibia (!Karas, Kavango, Oshikoto, Otjozondjupa), Rwanda (Amajyepfo), Tanzania (Dodoma, Iringa, Katavi, Lindi, Mbeya, Mtwara, Pwani, Ruvuma, Tabora), Zambia (Copperbelt, North-Western, Southern, Western), South Africa (Limpopo, Mpumalanga), Zimbabwe (Masvingo, Matabeleland South, Midlands)

**More details:** There is low risk of floods warning level 4 (extreme) or level 3 (high) forecasted on the continent for the next five days.

### 3. ADVISORIES

#### Level 4 Advisory:

According to the forecast in this edition of the Continental Watch, no member state of the African Union has been cited in level 4 warning for possible extreme precipitation, riverine flooding, and strong winds.

#### Level 3 Advisory:

National Disaster Management Authorities and National Hydrometeorological Services in Mozambique, Malawi, Tanzania, Comoros, Algeria, Egypt, Morocco, Libya, Chad, Namibia, Angola and South Africa, are advised to monitor the heavy rainfall in the next five days due to the medium possibility of heavy rainfall, and update their flood contingency plans. The SADC, EAC, UMA and ECCAS Regional Climate Centres are advised to monitor closely possible impacts in the affected countries and provide technical assistance if needed.

#### Level 2 Advisory:

National Disaster Management Authorities and National Hydrometeorological Services in Burundi, Angola, Malawi, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Republic of Congo, Gabon, Nigeria, Morocco, Mozambique, Madagascar, Rwanda, Tanzania, South Africa, Zambia, Ghana, Zimbabwe, Algeria, Liberia, Eswatini, Cameroon, Kenya, Egypt, Sahrawi Republic, Libya, Mali, Mauritania, Namibia, Niger, Somalia, Tunisia, Chad, Sudan, Ethiopia and Angola, are advised to monitor the heavy rainfall in the next five days due to the medium possibility of heavy rainfall, and update their flood contingency plans. The ECOWAS Regional Climate Centre is advised to monitor closely possible impacts in the affected countries and provide technical assistance if needed.

### 4. SOURCES

Copernicus Emergency Management Service GloFAS - [www.globalfloods.eu](http://www.globalfloods.eu)

<https://www.acmad.org>

<https://www.ecmwf.int/en/forecasts/eccharts>

<https://www.meteo.fr>

<https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov>

<https://www.metoffice.gov.uk>

<https://erccportal.jrc.ec.europa.eu>



**Africa Multi-Hazard Early Warning and Action System for DRR  
Continental Situation Room**

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Ministero degli Affari Esteri  
e della Cooperazione Internazionale



AGENZIA ITALIANA  
PER LA COOPERAZIONE  
ALLO SVILUPPO



UNDRR  
UN Office for Disaster Risk Reduction



Africa Multi-hazard Early Warning and Action System